FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Industrial Commission State of North Dakota Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Dakota Building Authority, a component unit of the State of North Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of North Dakota Building Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to a financial audit contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the North Dakota Building Authority as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 25, 2009 on our consideration of North Dakota Building Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 6 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Brady, Maily

September 25, 2009

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009 and 2008 (In Thousands)

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the North Dakota Building Authority (Authority) that follows is meant to provide additional insight into the Authority's activities for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements and footnotes, which are presented within this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

There were no new construction projects or bond issues in the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. The 2009 Legislature authorized the Authority to bond up to \$2,575 during the 2009-2011 biennium for the Veteran's Home Construction.

Cash has decreased \$6,886 to \$3,932 at June 30, 2009 as a result of the construction projects progressing. Many of the projects authorized during the 2005 Legislative session have completed construction and others are nearing completion. It is anticipated that cash balances will steadily decline as the projects continue to progress.

Based on certain bond covenants, the Authority is required to establish and restrict prescribed amounts of resources for debt service reserves. In addition, bond proceeds for the construction of projects are also classified as restricted.

The State agencies pay as rent the debt service on the related bonds. The leases also provide that the State agencies pay as additional rent to the Authority reimbursement for trustee fees, paying agent fees, registrar fees, audit fees, arbitrage rebate payments and fees, and other reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by the Authority or the Trustee on behalf of the Authority.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's financial statements. The financial statements of the Authority provide accounting information similar to that of many other business entities. The Balance Sheet summarizes the assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. It also serves as the basis for analysis of the soundness and liquidity of the Authority. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets summarize the Authority's operating performance for the year. The Statement of Cash Flows summarizes the flow of cash through the Authority as it conducts its business.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

ASSETS	 2009	 2008
CURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED	\$ 22,740	\$ 29,254
NONCURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED	85,759	 91,568
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 108,499	\$ 120,822
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 12,059	\$ 13,160
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	 96,440	 107,662
TOTAL LIABILITIES	108,499	 120,822
FUND NET ASSETS		
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND NET ASSETS	\$ 108,499	\$ 120,822

Cash and Investments

Certain Authority cash and investments, which are included in the restricted current and noncurrent assets, are restricted for the debt service of bond issues or for construction. Additional discussion of cash investments can be found at Note 2 to the financial statements.

Leases Receivable

Obligations of North Dakota agencies and university system are classified separately on the balance sheet as "lease receivable" and included in the restricted current and noncurrent assets of the condensed Balance Sheet. These leases are pledged to the various bond issues. No losses for market value declines are anticipated and an allowance has not been provided. Note 3 to the financial statements contains further information regarding lease receivable.

Bonds Payable

In order to provide state agencies with funds to finance projects, the Authority has issued bonds to facilitate the purchase of the lease. The bonds payable are included in the restricted current and noncurrent liabilities of the preceding statement. The bonds are direct obligations of the Authority and are secured by leases purchased under the applicable resolutions, interest earnings and certain accounts established pursuant to the applicable bond resolutions. Further details are contained in Note 4 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – page 3 (In Thousands)

Rebate Due to IRS

Under Internal Revenue Service Code Sections 103 and 148, earnings from nonpurpose investments in excess of bond interest expense must be remitted as a rebate, once every five years, to the U.S. Treasury. This liability is included in the restricted current liabilities. Note 6 to the financial statements contains additional information.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

	2009		2008	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Lease interest	\$	4,206	\$	4,237
Other		26		38
		4,232		4,275
NONOPERATING REVENUE				
Investment interest		765		1,175
TOTAL REVENUE		4,997	7	5,450
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Interest expense		4,905		5,352
Provision for Arbitrage Rebate due to IRS		27		28
Operating		65		70
	•	4,997		5,450
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		-		-
TOTAL FUND NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>-</u>		
TOTAL FUND NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$		\$	_

Lease Interest

The state agencies have agreed to pay as rent the debt service (principal and interest) on the related bonds, to the extent that the bond funds and earnings are used to pay construction and other eligible costs of the projects. See Note 3 to the financial statements for further details of the leases.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – page 4 (In Thousands)

Economic and Budgetary Information

The Authority is economically dependent on the North Dakota University System and agencies of the State of North Dakota.

As discussed in financial statement Note 1, the Authority operates through a biennial appropriation provided by the State Legislature. The Authority prepares a biennial budget, which is included in the Governor's budget that is presented to the State Legislature at the beginning of each legislative session. The Authority has continuing appropriation from monies received from the sale of indebtedness, lease payments and revenues generated by projects authorized by the legislature for the acquisition of authorized projects and the payment of rentals for these projects.

During the year, the Authority's bond rating changed from AA- to AA.

Contacting the North Dakota Building Authority's financial management:

The information in this report is intended to provide the reader with an overview of the Authority's operations along with the Authority's accountability for those operations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the North Dakota Building Authority, 600 East Boulevard Avenue, Department 405, Bismarck, ND 58505-0840.

BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

(In Thousands)

ASSETS	2009	2008
CURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED Cash and cash equivalents at the Bank of North Dakota Investments at the Bank of North Dakota Leases receivable Investment interest receivable, Bank of North Dakota Lease interest receivable	\$ 3,932 7,727 10,573 50 458	\$ 10,818 7,264 10,606 60 506
Total restricted current assets	22,740	29,254
NONCURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED Investments at the Bank of North Dakota Lease receivable Deferred bond financing costs, net Total restricted noncurrent assets	5,599 79,054 1,106 85,759	5,599 84,725 1,244 91,568
Total assets	\$ 108,499	\$ 120,822
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES Due to state agencies Due to colleges and universities Rebate due to IRS Bonds payable Interest payable	\$ 455 56 11,090 458	\$ 870 999 - 10,785 506
Total current liabilities	12,059	13,160
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Rebate due to IRS Bonds payable	96,440	28 107,634
Total noncurrent liabilities	96,440	107,662
Total liabilities	108,499	120,822
FUND NET ASSETS		
Total liabilities and fund net assets	\$ 108,499	\$ 120,822

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

(In Thousands)

	2009		 2008	
OPERATING REVENUES Lease interest	\$	4,206	\$ 4,237	
Other		4,232	38 4,275	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Interest expense		4,905	5,352	
Expense from arbitrage rebate due to IRS		27	28	
Operating		65	70	
		4,997	5,450	
OPERATING LOSS		(765)	(1,175)	
NONOPERATING REVENUE				
Investment interest		765	 1,175	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		-	-	
TOTAL FUND NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR			 	
TOTAL FUND NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$		\$ 	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

(In Thousands)

		2009		2008
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•		-	
Receipts of rent	\$	10,738	\$	10,447
Receipts of additional rent and other		26		38
Payment to project vendors		(6,061)		(7,871)
Payments to service providers		(65)		(70)
Net cash from operating activities		4,638		2,544
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal payment on bonds payable		(10,785)		(10,540)
Interest paid on bonds payable		(4,919)		(5,362)
Net cash used for non-capital financing activities		(15,704)		(15,902)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received		4,643		4,342
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities		8,459		3,202
Purchase of investment securities		(8,922)		(3,109)
Net cash from investing activities		4,180		4,435
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(6,886)		(8,923)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		10,818		19,741
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	3,932	\$	10,818
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO				
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating loss	\$	(765)	\$	(1,175)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss		4.70		
Amortization of bond financing costs		138		140
Net amortization of bond premium and deferred loss Reclassification of interest income and expense to		(104)		(104)
other activities		664		1,080
Changes in assets and liabilities:		= == 0		
Lease receivable		5,520		3,428
Arbitrage rebate payable		28		27
Due to state agencies		27		(1,030)
Due to colleges and universities		(870)		178
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	4,638	\$	2,544

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008 (In Thousands)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

The North Dakota Building Authority (Authority) was established July 1, 1985, by the North Dakota Legislature, as provided in Chapter 54-17.2 of the North Dakota Century Code, as a separate instrumentality of the State of North Dakota. The purpose of the Authority is to promote the general welfare of the citizens of the State by providing projects for use by the State in providing public services by altering, repairing, maintaining or constructing buildings primarily for use by the State and making any improvements connected to those buildings or pertaining to those buildings and necessary to the use of those buildings in providing services to the public.

Reporting Entity

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, North Dakota Building Authority should include all component units over which North Dakota Building Authority exercises such aspects as (1) appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (2) has the ability to impose its will on that organization or (3) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on North Dakota Building Authority. GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, an Amendment of GASB Statement 14, further defined reporting units as a legally separate, tax exempt affiliated organization that meet all of the following criteria:

- The economic resources of the organization entirely or almost entirely directly benefit North Dakota Building Authority or its constituents, <u>and</u>
- North Dakota Building Authority or its component units are entitled to or can otherwise access, a majority
 of the economic resources of the organization, and
- The economic resources that North Dakota Building Authority is entitled to, or can otherwise access, are significant to North Dakota Building Authority.

Based upon criteria set forth in GASB No. 14 and No. 39, no organizations were determined to be part of the reporting entity. North Dakota Building Authority is included as part of the primary government of the State of North Dakota's reporting entity.

Budgetary Process

The Authority operates through a biennial appropriation provided by the State Legislature. The Authority prepares a biennial budget, which is included in the Governor's budget that is presented to the State Legislature at the beginning of each legislative session. The State Legislature enacts the budgets of the various State departments through passage of specific appropriation bills. The Governor has line item veto powers over all legislation subject to legislative override. Once passed and signed, the appropriation becomes the Authority's financial plan for the next two years. The Authority has continuing appropriation for monies received from the sale of indebtedness, lease payments and revenues generated by projects authorized by the legislature for the acquisition of authorized projects and the payment of rentals for these projects.

(continued on next page)

(In Thousands)

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The North Dakota Building Authority is presented in the accompanying financial statements as a proprietary fund type – an enterprise fund.

An enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public or other funds on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Authority recovers its costs through administrative charges to agencies and earnings on funds.

As a proprietary fund type, the Authority accounts for its transactions using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

The accompanying financial statements of the North Dakota Building Authority follow the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the nationally accepted standard-setting body for establishing generally accepted accounting principles for governmental entities. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 20, the Authority follows all applicable GASB Pronouncements as well as following Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the balance sheet and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

The Authority's investments consist entirely of certificate of deposits, and are reported at fair value.

Funds held by trustee under bond resolutions are to be invested to the fullest extent possible in investment obligations selected by the Authority. The maturity date or the date on which such investment obligations may be redeemed shall coincide as nearly as practicable with the date or dates on which moneys in the funds or accounts for which the investments were made will be required.

Leases Receivable

The Authority's leasing operations, as lessor, consist of leasing real estate property under capital leases.

Lease payments are due upon receipt. In the event of non-payment, the item or installment so in default shall continue as an obligation of the agency until the amount in default has been fully paid. The agency agrees to pay interest on any basic rent in default at the rate or rates of interest payable on the Bonds as specified in the Indenture. The agency agrees to pay interest on Additional Rent in default at the rate or rates of interest equal to the Bank of North Dakota Base Rate.

(In Thousands)

Deferred Bond Financing Costs

Bond issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Restricted Assets

The Authority, based on certain bond covenants, is required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources that can be used only to service outstanding debt. Other restricted assets can only be used for construction projects financed by related bonds.

Operating and Non-operating Revenues

Operating revenues consist of sales of goods and services, quasi-external operating transactions with other funds, grant revenue for specific activities that are considered to be operating activities of the grantor, receipts from other agencies for reimbursement of operating transactions and other miscellaneous revenue. Grants that would qualify as an operating activity are those that do not subsidize an existing program, rather they finance a program the agency would not otherwise undertake.

All other revenues that do not meet the above criteria are classified as non-operating.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The North Dakota Building Authority is required to maintain its deposits at the Bank of North Dakota. As of June 30, 2009, the Building Authority had the following deposits (amount in thousands):

	Bank Balance	Less Than 1 Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	More Than 10 Years
Cash	\$ 3,932	\$ 3,932	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Certificates of deposit recorded as investments	13,326	7,727	3,027	2,572	
	\$17,258	\$ 11,659	\$ 3,027	\$ 2,572	\$ -

As of June 30, 2008, the Building Authority had the following deposits (amount in thousands):

	Bank Balance	Less Than 1 Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	More Than 10 Years
Cash Certificates of deposit	\$10,818	\$ 10,818	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
recorded as investments	12,863	7,264	1,960	3,639	_
	\$23,681	\$ 18,082	\$ 1,960	\$ 3,639	\$ -

(continued on next page)

(In Thousands)

The above cash and investments are recorded in the balance sheet as follows as of June 30, 2009:

	 Cash	Inv	estments	Total
Current assets - restricted Non-current assets - restricted	\$ 3,932	\$	7,727 5,599	\$ 11,659 5,599
	\$ 3,932	\$	13,326	\$ 17,258

The above cash and investments are recorded in the balance sheet as follows as of June 30, 2008:

	Cash	Inv	estments	<u>Total</u>
Current assets - restricted Non-current assets - restricted	\$ 10,818	\$	7,264 5,599	\$ 18,082 5,599
	\$ 10,818	\$	12,863	\$ 23,681

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

For a deposit, the custodial credit risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Building Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Building Authority's deposits are uncollateralized and all of the deposits are with the Bank of North Dakota. The deposits at the Bank of North Dakota are backed by the full faith and credit of the State of North Dakota.

Cash is restricted for the following purposes:

	 2009	2008
Construction Debt service	\$ 3,795 137	\$ 10,643 175
	\$ 3,932	\$ 10,818

Investments

Funds held by trustees or the Authority under bond resolutions are to be invested to the fullest extent possible in investment obligations selected by the Authority. The maturity date or the date on which such investment obligations may be redeemed shall coincide as nearly as practicable with the date or dates on which monies in the funds or accounts for which the investments were made will be required. The restricted bond accounts have their monies invested in certificates of deposit at the Bank of North Dakota.

(In Thousands)

NOTE 3 - LEASES RECEIVABLE

After receiving Legislative authority, the Authority purchases or constructs various facilities, which are generally financed by bonds. The facilities are leased to State agencies under terms described below.

The terms of the leases commence as of the date of the sale of the bonds and expire at the end of each biennium on June 30, subject to successive automatic two-year extensions under the provisions of each lease (unless the Legislature specifically fails to appropriate sufficient moneys for the payment of rent under the lease during any two-year renewal term).

Under the lease agreements, the State agencies have agreed to pay as rent the debt service on the related bonds from funds appropriated by the Legislature from the General Fund or other special funds, which may include federal funds.

The Authority is not required to make any expenditures in connection with the leases of the facilities. Upon expiration of a lease, the facility is conveyed to the appropriate agency. At June 30, 2009, future minimum lease payments under agreements are as follows:

2010	\$	10,573
2011		9,223
2012		9,460
2013		9,195
2014		9,463
2015-2019		27,823
2020-2024		13,890
	Φ.	20.627
	\$	89,627

The leases also provide that the State agencies pay as additional rent to the Authority for trustee fees, paying agent fees, registrar fees, letter of credit fees, audit fees and other reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by the Authority or the Trustee on behalf of the Authority.

(In Thousands)

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Bonds Payable

The following is a summary of changes in bonds payable for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008:

Balance, June 30, 2007	\$ 129,063
Additions	-
Retirements	(10,540)
Amortization of deferred amount of refunding, deferred	
bond financing costs and bond premium	 (104)
Balance, June 30, 2008	118,419
Additions	-
Retirements	(10,785)
Amortization of deferred amount of refunding, deferred	
bond financing costs and bond premium	 (104)
Balance, June 30, 2009	\$ 107,530

Maturities of Bonds Payable

Maturities of principal and interest on all bonds are as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest	_	Total Debt Service
Year Ending June 30,					
2010	\$	11,090 \$	4,412	\$	15,502
2011		10,760	3,907		14,667
2012		9,460	3,483		12,943
2013		9,195	3,102		12,297
2014		9,590	2,703		12,293
2015-2019		30,965	9,033		39,998
2020-2024		23,555	3,171		26,726
2025		3,215	72		3,287
		107,830	29,883	_	137,713
Unamortized bond premium		957	(957)		-
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding	_	(1,257)	1,257	_	-
	\$	107,530 \$	30,183	\$	137,713

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands)

The following summarizes the Authority's bonds outstanding at June 30, 2009 and 2008:

Description and Due Date	Interest Rate		riginal Value	2009	 2008
Series 98B Bonds 12/1/04-6/1/11	4.75 - 5.00	\$	11,340	\$ 2,695	\$ 3,560
Series 98C Bonds 12/1/04-12/1/09	4.25 - 4.35		3,400	295	665
Series 01A Bonds 12/1/04-12/1/10	4.25 - 4.50		13,200	1,135	1,660
Series 02A Bonds 12/1/04-12/1/22	4.30 - 5.25		9,595	6,995	7,820
Series 02C Bonds 8/15/04-8/15/14	3.75 - 4.30		10,665	6,176	7,115
Series 02D Bonds 12/1/04-12/1/16 (net of deferred loss on refunding	3.75 - 4.50 g of \$538 and \$605)	16,425	9,642	10,634
Series 03A Bonds 6/1/04-6/1/10	5.25		15,145	1,507	4,444
Series 03B Bonds 12/1/05-12/1/22	2.50 - 5.00		13,080	10,963	11,541
Series 03C Bonds 12/1/05-12/1/13	3.50 - 5.25		20,000	12,222	14,393
Series 05A Bonds 12/1/09-12/1/24	4.25 - 4.50		37,955	38,404	38,434
Series 06A Bonds 12/1/06-12/1/19 (net of deferred loss on refunding	4.00 g of \$321 and \$351)	10,460	8,150	8,799
Series 06B Bonds 12/1/07-12/1/22 (net of deferred loss on refunding	4.00 - 4.25 g of \$398 and \$426)	9,770	 9,346	9,354
Total bonds payable Less current portion				107,530 11,090	118,419 10,785
Long-term portion				\$ 96,440	\$ 107,634

(In Thousands)

1998 Series A and 2000 Series A (Defeased Debt)

February 15, 2006, the Authority issued \$10,460 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2006A. The proceeds of the issue were for an advance refunding of 1998 Series A and 2000 Series A. The net proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$438. This amount is netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the refunded debt, which is the same as the life of the new debt issued. The current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next fourteen years by \$440 and resulted in an economic gain of \$288. As of June 30, 2009, there were bonds of \$8,250 outstanding.

1998 Series B

Interest on the 1998 Series B Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2008 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2009 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2008. The bonds are secured by the funds, certain mortgaged property and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

1998 Series C

Interest on the 1998 Series C Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2006 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2006 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2006. The bonds are secured by the funds, certain mortgaged property and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2001 Series A (Defeased Debt)

November 15, 2006, the Authority issued \$9,770 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2006B. The proceeds of the issue were for an advance refunding of a portion of the 2001 Series A. The net proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$483. This amount is netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the refunded debt, which is the same as the life of the new debt issued. The current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next fourteen years by \$627 and resulted in an economic gain of \$520. As of June 30, 2009, there were bonds of \$9,405 outstanding.

2002 Series A

Interest on the 2002 Series A Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2011 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2012 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2011. The bonds are secured by the funds, certain mortgaged property and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

(In Thousands)

2002 Series C

The proceeds of the issue were used for a current refunding of 1993 Series B. Interest on the 2002 Series C Bonds is payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before August 15, 2012 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after August 15, 2013 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on August 15, 2012. The bonds are secured by the funds, certain mortgaged property and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2002 Series D

The proceeds of the issue were used for an advance refunding of 1995 Series A. Interest on the 2002 Series D Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2011 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2012 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2011. The bonds are secured by the funds, certain mortgaged property and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2003 Series A

The proceeds of the issue were used for a current refunding of 1993 Series A. Interest on the 2003 Series A Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. The bonds are secured by the funds, certain mortgaged property and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2003 Series B

Interest on the 2003 Series B Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2013 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2014 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2013. The bonds are secured by the funds, certain mortgaged property and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2003 Series C

Interest on the 2003 Series C Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2011 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2012 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2011. The bonds are secured by the funds, user charges and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic rent payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

(In Thousands)

2005 Series A

Interest on the 2005 Series A Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2015 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2016 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2015. The bonds are secured by the funds, certain mortgaged property and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as stated in the lease agreements, including all basic rent payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2006 Series A

Interest on the 2006 Series A Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2014 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2015 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2014. The bonds are secured by the funds, user charges and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2006 Series B

Interest on the 2006 Series B Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2015 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2016 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2015. The bonds are secured by the funds, user charges and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands)

Reserve Funds

		9			20	08		
	R	Required Reserve Balance		Reserve Balance	R	Required Reserve Balance		Reserve Balance
1998B	\$	958	\$	958	\$	958	\$	958
1998C		-		-		340		340
2001A		1,097		1,097		120		120
2002A		864		864		864		864
2002C		1,067		1,067		1,067		1,067
2002D		1,526		1,526		1,526		1,526
2003A						1,514		1,514
2003B		1,035		1,035		1,035		1,035
2003C		2,000		2,000	*	2,000		2,000
2005A		3,289		3,289		3,289		3,289
2006A		1,046		1,046		1,046		1,046
2006B		977		977		977		977
	\$	13,859	\$	13,859	\$	14,736	\$	14,736

^{*} Bank of North Dakota Letter of Credit

The 1998, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2005 and 2006 bond agreements require the establishment and maintenance of reserve funds to be used for debt service payments if amounts in the bond funds are insufficient to make the payments. Funds are also required for any positive arbitrage due the Federal government.

North Dakota Building Authority entered into a series of agreements with the State Board of Higher Education and the State Historical Society. These agreements require individual colleges and universities and State Historical Society to make debt service payments to NDBA.

College and university and State Historical Society portion of bonds payable included on the balance sheet of North Dakota Building Authority is \$1,401:

	001 A Bonds	005A onds	 Total
Minot State University Williston State College State Historical Society	\$ 834 300	\$ - - 267	\$ 834 300 267
Total	\$ 1,134	\$ 267	\$ 1,401

These entities are only responsible for the principle amounts presented in the chart above.

(In Thousands)

Debt service requirements of the colleges and universities and State Historical Society:

2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015-2019	\$ 359 392 208 242 - 100
2020-2024	100
	\$ 1,401

NOTE 5 - DUE TO COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES AND STATE AGENCIES

The North Dakota Building Authority is responsible for the distribution of construction voucher reimbursement as requested by the individual colleges and universities and state agencies for approved projects. A detail of the payables at June 30, 2009, and 2008, is as follows:

	2	009	 2008
North Dakota State University	\$	430	\$ 986
University of North Dakota Office of the Attorney General		25	13 758
Office of Management and Budget State Historical Society		-	90 22
	\$	455	\$ 1,869

NOTE 6 - REBATE DUE TO IRS

Under Internal Revenue Service Code Sections 103 and 148, earnings from nonpurpose investments in excess of bond interest expense must be remitted as a rebate, once every five years, to the U.S. Treasury. A detail of the rebate at June 30, 2009 and 2008, is as follows:

	2009		2008	
Series 2000 A	\$	1	\$	1
Series 2002 C & D	Ψ	55	Ψ	27
2000 2002 0 00 2				
Current arbitrage payable	\$	56	\$	28
NOTE 7 - PROJECT FINANCING				
	2	2009	2	2008
Construction Funding University System Dickinson State University North Dakota State University University of North Dakota	\$	2,620 220	\$	388 2,838 352
Other Attorney General Department of Corrections Office of Management and Budget State Historical Society		1,798 - - 10		1,330 172 173 1,766
	\$	4,648	\$	7,019
	2	2009		2008
Lease Receipts NDUS Office/Campuses ITD State Penitentiary Health and Consolidate National Guard Soldiers Improvement Job Service Attorney General Historical Society Human Services	\$	8,690 2,701 1,487 332 34 124 357 87 125 498	\$	8,160 2,698 1,475 333 33 127 307 - 33 531
	\$	14,435	\$	13,697

(In Thousands)

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY

The North Dakota Building Authority is related to the Bank of North Dakota through common management under the Industrial Commission of North Dakota. The Authority's deposits and investments are held by the Bank of North Dakota.

The Bank of North Dakota acts as the trustee for the bondholders having been duly appointed by the Authority. The Bank also acts as the paying agent, registrar, provider of letter of credit, and escrow agent for the bonds issued and defeased by the Authority. Fees paid by the Authority to the Bank of North Dakota for these services for the years ending June 30, 2009, and 2008, were \$42 and \$44.

The Authority also obtains accounting services from the North Dakota Public Finance Authority. Fees paid for these services for the years ended June 30, 2009, and 2008, were \$4 and \$5.

NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS

The Authority has committed funds to complete various construction and modernization programs at June 30, 2009 as follows:

	A	IIIOUIIt
Dickinson State University	\$	190
North Dakota State University		42
University of North Dakota		1,607
	\$	1,839

The 2009 legislature authorized the Authority to bond up to \$2,575 during the 2009-2011 biennium for the Veteran's Home construction project.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, and damage to assets and errors and omissions. These risks of loss are covered under the insurance policies owned by the North Dakota Industrial Commission, North Dakota Public Finance Authority and North Dakota Office of Management and Budget. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the agencies with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. In addition, there have been no claims filed or settled in the past three fiscal years.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Governor of North Dakota Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee Industrial Commission of North Dakota Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the North Dakota Building Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the North Dakota Building Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the North Dakota Building Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Dakota Building Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Dakota Building Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the North Dakota Building Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the North Dakota Industrial Commission, Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee, Industrial Commission and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Brody, Marty

September 25, 2009

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 25



NORTH DAKOTA BUILDING AUTHORITY AUDITOR'S SPECIFIC COMMENTS REQUESTED BY THE NORTH DAKOTA LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

The Industrial Commission State of North Dakota Bismarck, North Dakota

The Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee require that certain items be addressed by independent certified public accountants performing audits of State agencies. The items and our responses regarding the June 30, 2009 audit of the Authority are as follows:

Audit Report Communications:

 What type of opinion was issued on the financial statement 	1.	What type of	of opinion	was issued on	the financia	l statements
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Unqualified

2. Was there compliance with statutes, laws, rules and regulations under which the Authority was created and is functioning?

Yes.

3. Was internal control adequate and functioning effectively?

Yes.

4. Were there any indications of lack of efficiency in financial operations and management of the Authority?

No

5. Was action taken on prior audit findings and recommendations?

There were no prior year findings or recommendations.

6. Was a management letter issued? If so, provide a summary below, including any recommendations and the management responses.

No.



Audit Committee Communications:

1. Identify any significant changes in accounting policies, any management conflicts of interest, any contingent liabilities, or any significant unusual transactions.

None.

2. Identify any significant accounting estimates, the process used by management to formulate the accounting estimates, and the basis for the auditor's conclusions regarding the reasonableness of those estimates.

None.

3. Identify any significant audit adjustments.

None.

4. Identify any disagreements with management, whether or not resolved to the auditor's satisfaction, relating to a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements.

None.

5. Identify any serious difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

None.

6. Identify any major issues discussed with management prior to retention.

None.

7. Identify any management consultations with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters.

None.

8. Identify any high-risk technology systems critical to operations based on the auditor's overall assessment of the importance of the system to the agency and its mission, or whether any exceptions identified in the six report questions to be addressed by auditors are directly related to the operations of an information technology system.

Based on the audit procedures performed, the North Dakota Building Authority's critical information technology system is Great Plains. There were no exceptions identified that were directly related to this application.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the North Dakota Industrial Commission, Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee, and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties

Brady, Marty

September 25, 2009

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMUNICATION TO THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION OF NORTH DAKOTA

To the Industrial Commission State of North Dakota Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the North Dakota Building Authority for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2009. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standard*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information to you August 26, 2009. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by North Dakota Building Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2009. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.



Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 25, 2009.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This letter is intended solely for the information and use of the North Dakota Industrial Commission and management of the North Dakota Building Authority, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Brady, Maily

September 25, 2009

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 29